

Private Property Inflow Removal
A Tale of Two Cities
Lansing and Port Huron, Michigan

Contributors ...

- Robert E. Clegg, P.E., City Engineer, Port Huron, MI (former City Engineer Lansing, MI)
- Jimmy Spangler, P.E., Tetra Tech (former Deputy Director, Public Service Dept., Lansing, MI)
- Carol Hufnagel, P.E., Tetra Tech
- Kevin Vander Tuig, P.E., Tetra Tech



Lansing

Port
Huron





Overview of Presentation

- Water Pollution Control Basics
- Why Remove Private Inflow Sources?
- Lansing's Program
- Simplified Inflow Removal Steps
- Port Huron's Program
- Results
- Other Conclusions

Water Pollution Control Basics

- Lansing Water Pollution Control
- Combined Sewer System
- Separated Sewer System



Lansing Water Pollution Control Program

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT PROGRAM

Wastewater Treatment Plant Operation

Industrial Pretreatment Program (IPP)

Separate Sewer Overflow (SSO) Control

Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Control (Sewer Separation)

Private Inflow/Infiltration Control

Stormwater Pollution Control

Basement Flooding Mitigation

BENEFITS . . .

• Clean Rivers

- Public Health Protection



- Aquatic Habitat Improvement

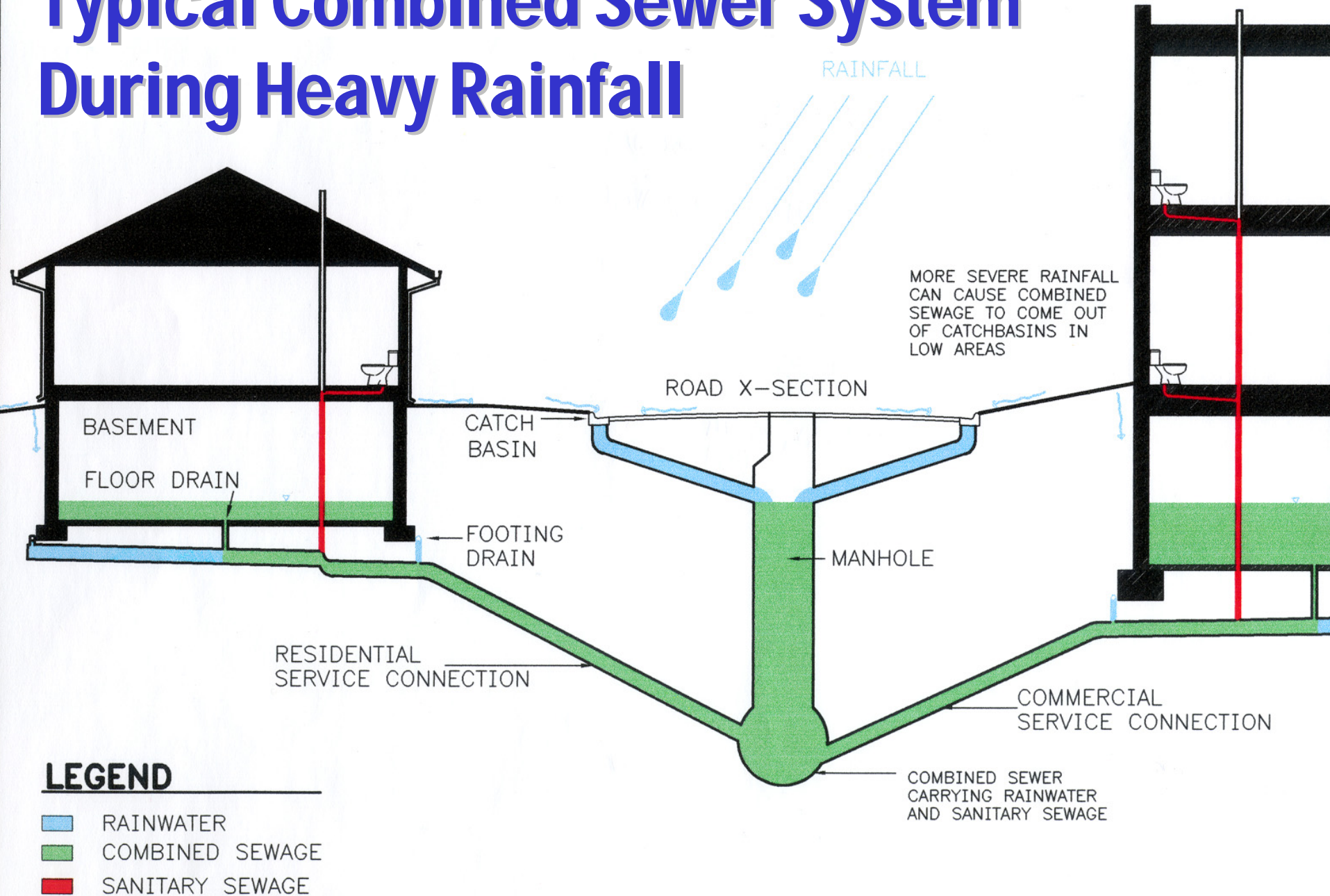


- Recreational Opportunity Enhancement

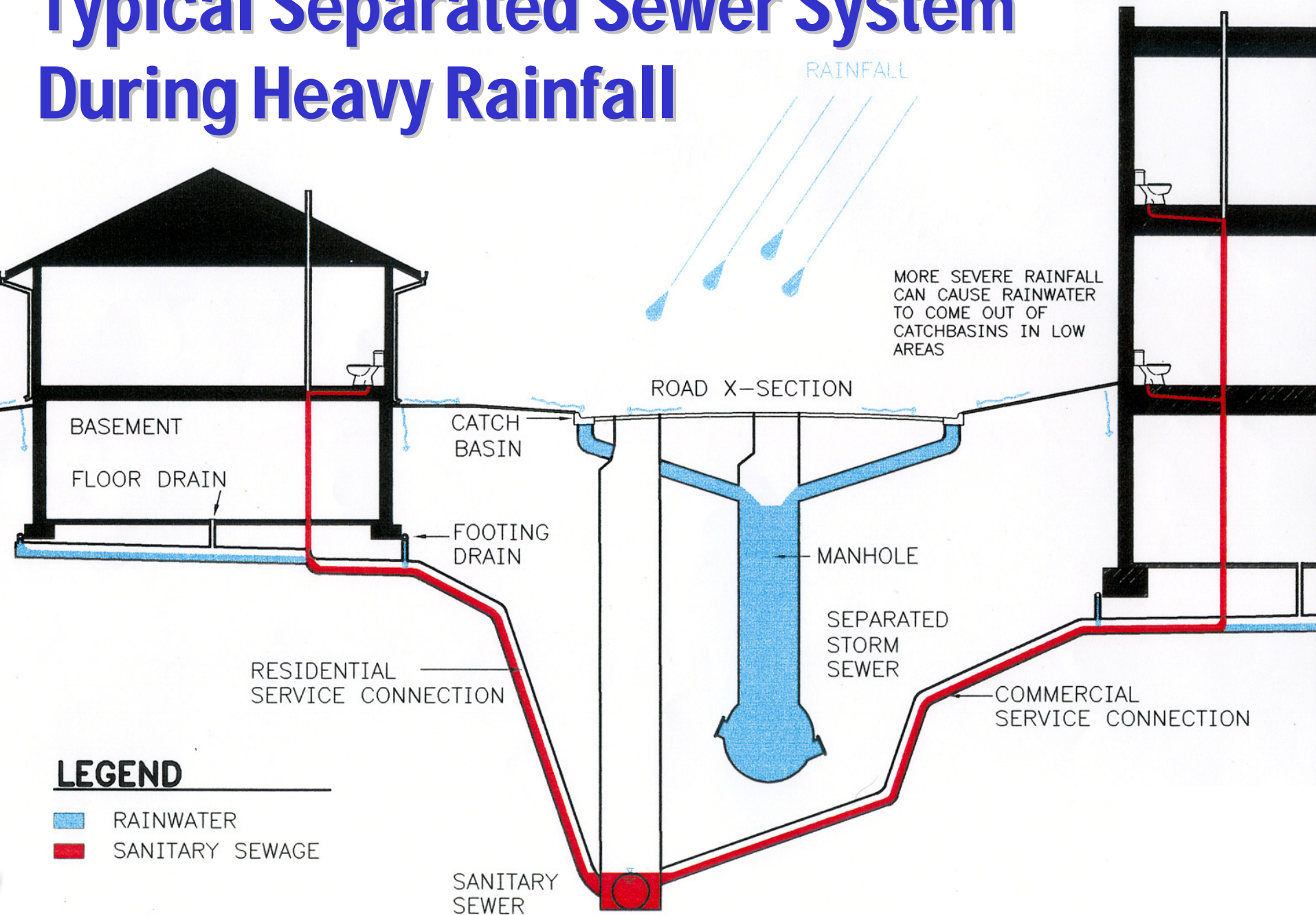


- Basement Flooding Mitigation
- More Efficient and Reliable WWTP Operation
- Improved Collection and Transportation Sewer System
- Cost Effective and Reliable Sewer System Maintenance
- Additional Infrastructure Enhancement
 - Road Improvement
 - Utility Upgrade
 - Tree Preservation

Typical Combined Sewer System During Heavy Rainfall

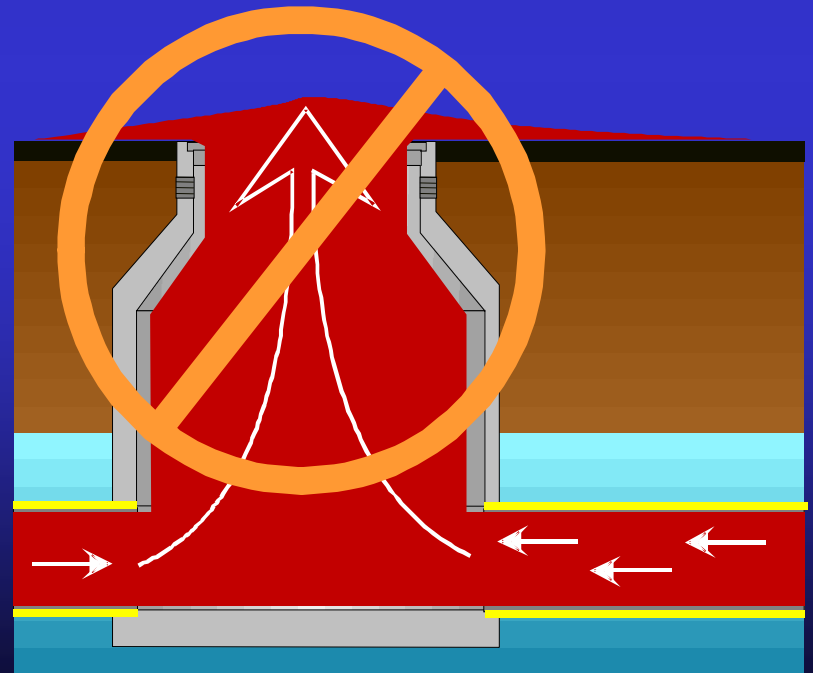


Typical Separated Sewer System During Heavy Rainfall



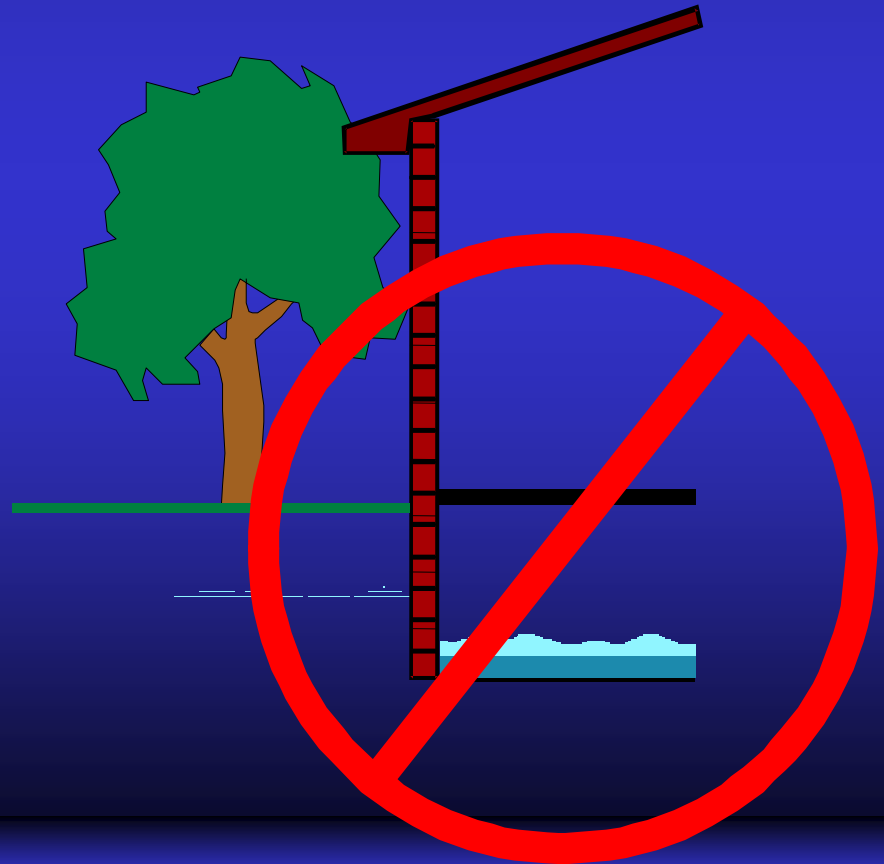
Why Remove Private Inflow Sources?

- Prevent separate sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs)



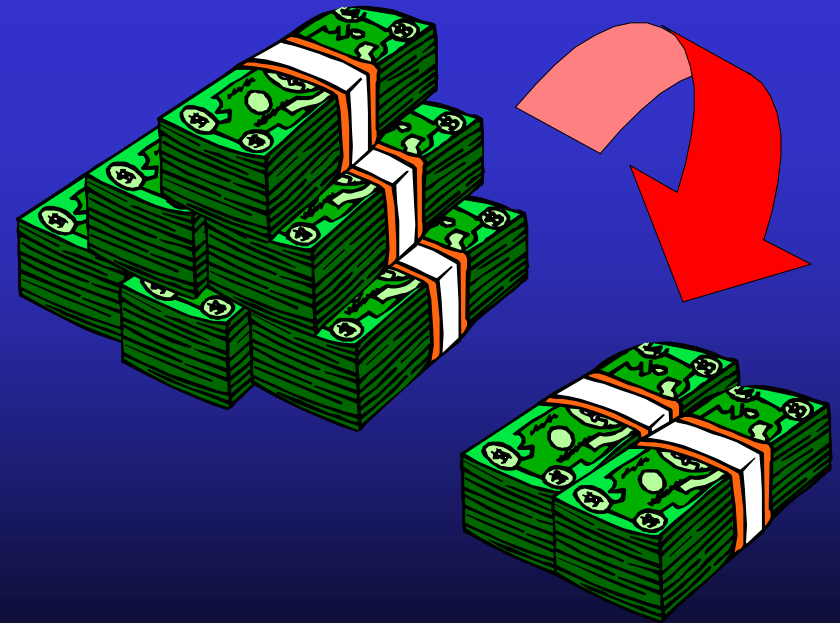
Why Remove Private Inflow Sources?

- Prevent Basement Flooding



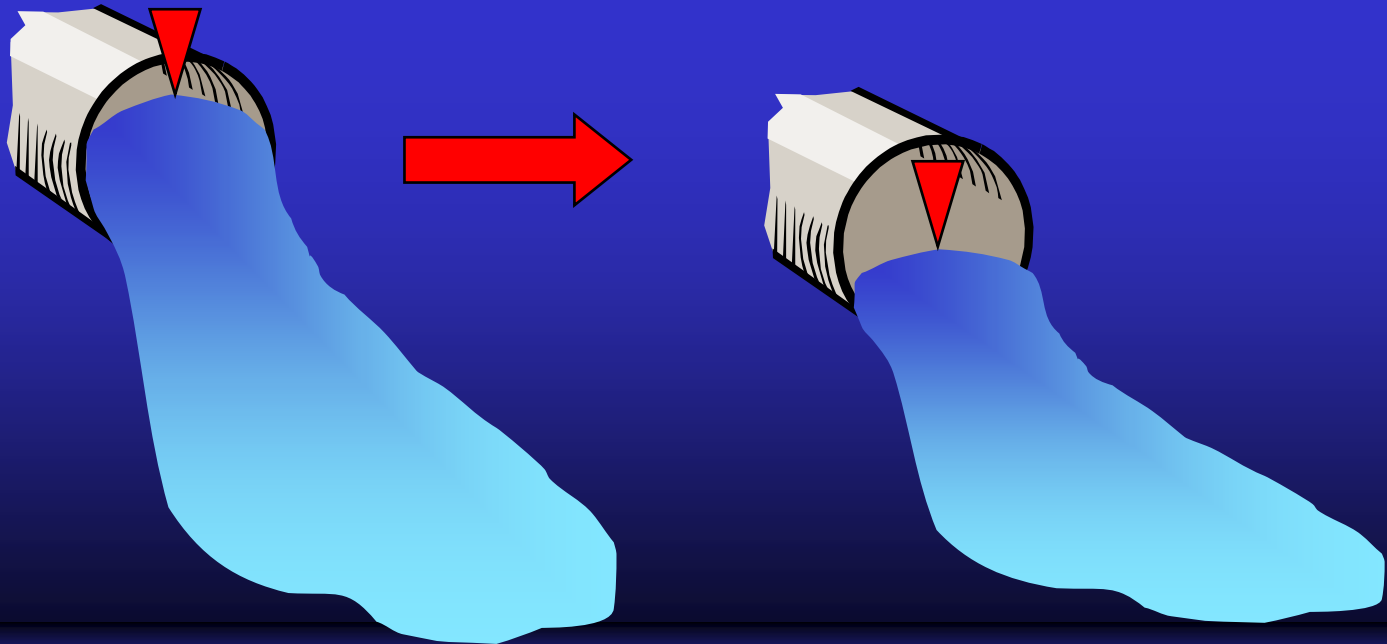
Why Remove Private Inflow Sources?

- Reduce sewage transportation and treatment costs



Why Remove Private Inflow Sources?

- Provide additional transportation and treatment capacity



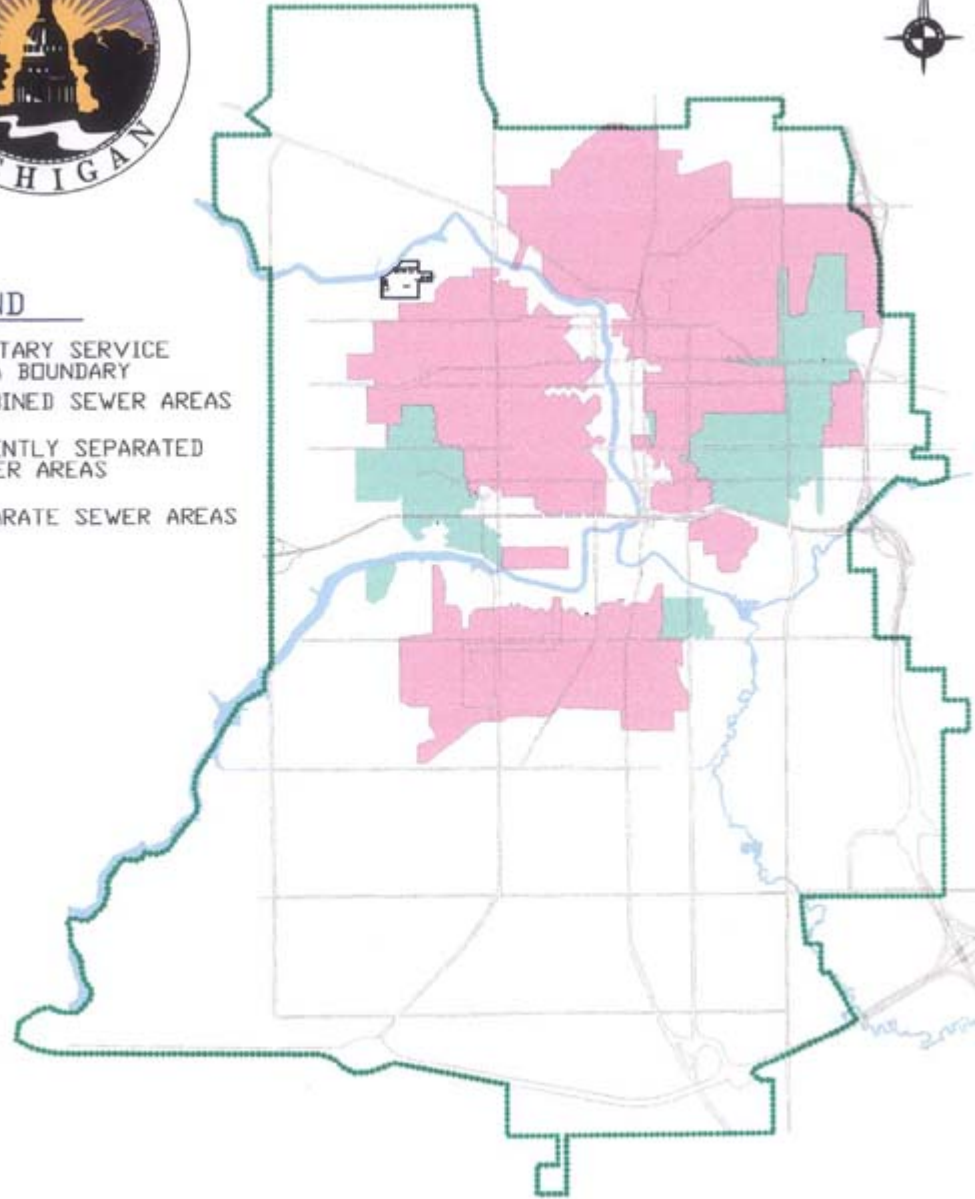


CITY OF LANSING, MICHIGAN COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW AREAS



LEGEND

- SANITARY SERVICE AREA BOUNDARY
- COMBINED SEWER AREAS
- RECENTLY SEPARATED SEWER AREAS
- SEPARATE SEWER AREAS



Lansing's Program Elements Overview

- Property Owner Education/Information



- City Identification of Inflow Sources



- Tracking and Follow-Up



Lansing's Program Elements Overview

- Flexibility on Removal Method/Schedule
- Private Inflow Ordinance



PUBLIC SERVICE DEPARTMENT

732 City Hall
124 W. Michigan Ave.
Lansing, MI 48933-1691
(517) 483-4455
FAX (517) 483-7630

LETTER A

July 22, 1994

Re: SEWER SEPARATION PROJECT

Dear Property Owner:

Lansing has begun a long-term project that will eliminate the City's combined sewers-single sewer pipes that contain both sanitary sewer water and storm water. The project, which includes adding a new pipe to handle sanitary sewer water, should help reduce basement flooding problems some residents have experienced. The City is required by federal law to implement this program. If we fail to do so, we

per day.

sewer lines in your area may begin May of 1995.

For communicating with you at this time. First, we are asking you to fill out a questionnaire so that we can design a system to serve you properly. Second, you must come to disconnect sources of rainwater from your sanitary sewer piping. Discharging storm or ground water to the City's sanitary sewers is a violation of Ordinance 1040.10. All sources of rainwater, including downspouts (and other drains, driveway drains, stairwell drains, etc., must be disconnected from your property to separation of sewers in your area.

The following is a summary of steps you should take:

1. Thoroughly inspect your property using the enclosed information sheets, to identify all connections of rainwater sources to your sanitary sewer piping.
2. Fill out and return the enclosed questionnaire in the envelope provided.
3. Budget and plan for disconnection of the rainwater sources from your sanitary sewer piping.

Our goal is to work with you and help make sure you are in compliance with City ordinances. If you're not sure whether you have any improper connections, or if you have a question about what to do on your property, please contact the City of Lansing's **Private Inflow Line at 694-3334**. The City's project consultant, McNamee, Porter and Seeley will respond to your questions.

Sincerely,

- inspect your property
- fill out and return questionnaire
- budget and plan for disconnection



Lansing residents and property owners are an important part of the success of the CSO Control Project.

... basement flooding could occur if you-or your neighbors-fail to remove any I/I sources ...

Help Lansing dry out.

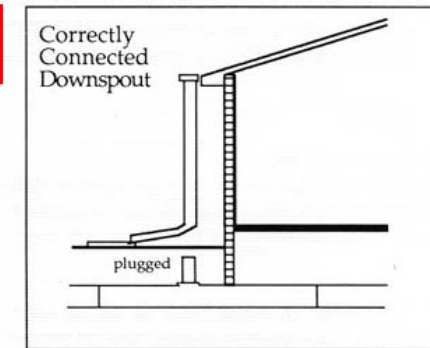
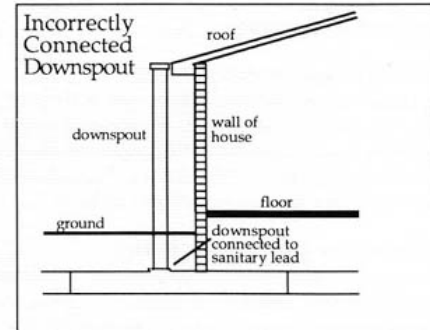
Make the connection correction.

The problem.

Forty to fifty times a year, heavy rains and spring thaws send millions of gallons of sanitary sewage and storm water rushing into the Grand and Red Cedar Rivers, polluting one of our city's greatest natural resources. That's because Lansing's aging combined sewer system can't always handle the load.

The solution.

It won't be easy or quick. But Lansing's Public Service Department is working on a massive project to fix the problem. A project so big it will take 30 years and \$176 million to complete. The project—called Combined Sewer Overflow Control—begins in the late spring of 1992 in three Lansing neighborhoods and continues in six, five-year phases, a few neighborhoods at a time, until the city's entire sanitary sewer system is separated from its storm water removal system.



Lansing residents and property owners are an important part of the success of the CSO Control Project. Once the Lansing Public Service Department has separated the storm and sanitary sewer pipes, each resident and/or property owner is responsible for making sure that all sources of water from their property are being routed to the proper pipe. City ordinances require that all sources of storm or groundwater be removed from the sanitary sewer system. These sources of storm or groundwater are called "I/I's", which stands for "inflow/infiltration", once they enter the sanitary sewer system.

What are inflow and infiltration (I/I) sources?

Typical I/I sources include gutters, downspouts, window well drains, patio drains, driveway drains, foundation drains, internal drains and catch basin drains.

Why I/I sources must be removed.

Once the city separates a combined sewer, basement flooding could occur if you—or your neighbors—fail to remove any I/I sources. Believe it or not, a single drain spout illegally hooked up to the city's sanitary sewer line can mean a flooded basement at a neighbor's home two doors down the street.



Lansing's Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Separation Project

Protecting Lansing's Rivers for Future Generations

The Grand River is part of Lansing's downtown rebirth and is a priceless asset to the city's future economic development efforts.



The Grand and Red Cedar rivers add beauty and provide boundless recreational opportunities for city residents.



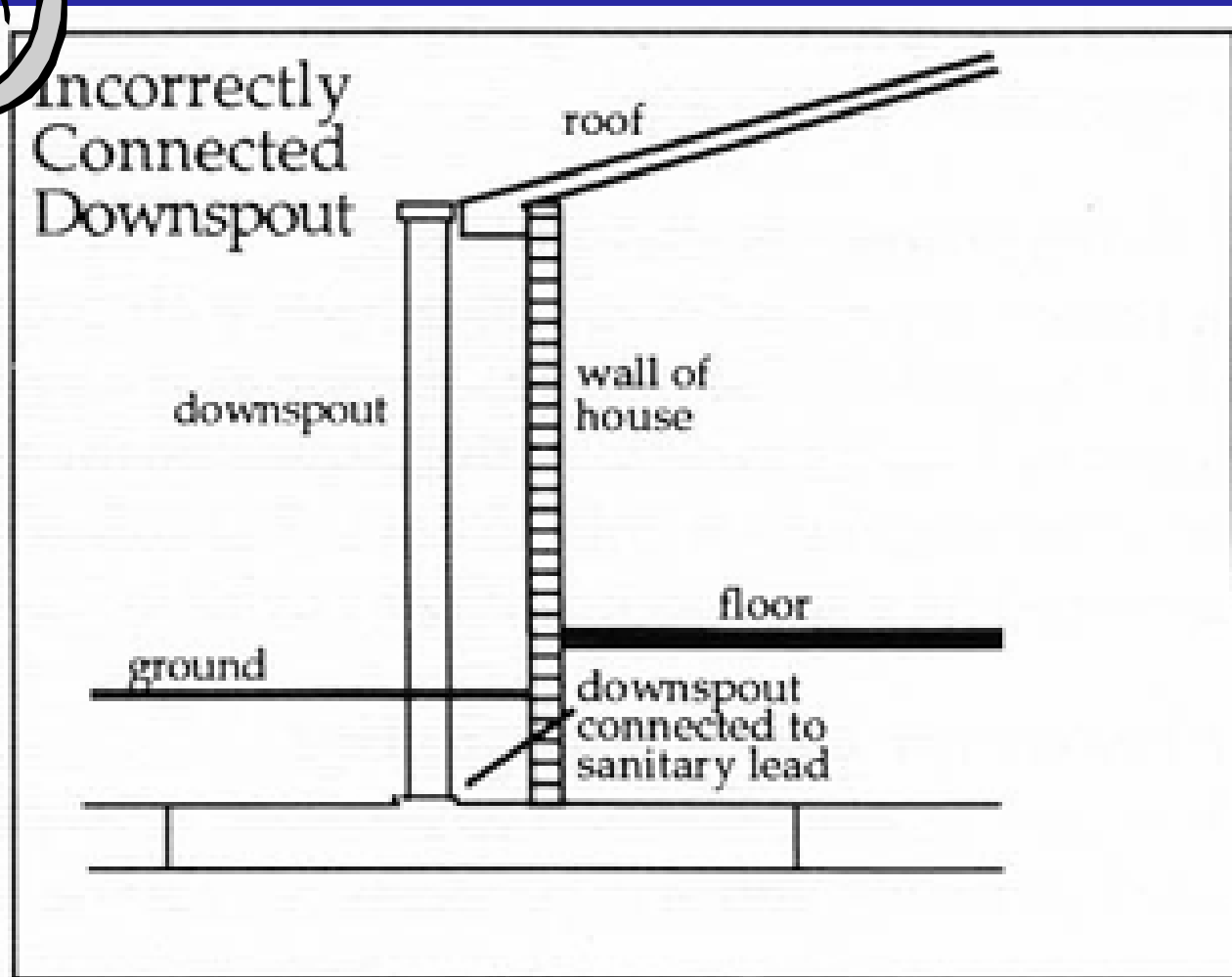
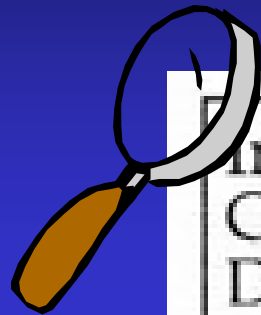
**CSO elimination
effort "on the
right track"**



Private Inflow Hotline



City Identification of Inflow Sources



DATABASE

Tracking and Follow-Up

✓ You are hereby notified that you must correct the following condition on this property. This correction must be completed prior to the separation of sewers in front of this property.

COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM 11692
CITY OF LANSING * DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE * LANSING, MICHIGAN
124 W. Michigan Avenue, 732 City Hall, Lansing, MI 48933; Ph. 517-694-3334

Parcel Number 00-01-14-300-000-0 P.S. # 00004
Name of Owner: WALTER WHITMAN
Owner Mailing Address: 1707 PENNSYLVANIA AVE
LANSING, MI 48820
Phone # _____ Date Mailed 5/17/94

INITIAL INSPECTION
Property Address: 1707 PENNSYLVANIA AVE. Phone # _____

(11) No noticeable rainwater sources discharging to the sanitary sewer. (Property OK)

You are hereby notified that you must correct the following condition on this property. This correction must be completed prior to the separation of sewers in front of this property. If you do not comply, you will be in violation of Section 1040.10 of the City of Lansing Code of Ordinances. Violations consist of:

[21] Downspout from roof drain(s) connected to the sanitary sewer Complete a sketch on reverse if inflow exists
[22] Abandoned downspout lead not plugged
Surface drain connected to the sanitary sewer
[31] Yard Drain [32] Driveway Drain [33] Patio Drain [34] Stairwell Drain [39] Other _____

Cleanout problem _____

Comments ABANDON OR REROUTE PATIO DRAIN TO REMOVE INFLOW FROM SANITARY SERVICE LEAD

inspected by: _____

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE
USE REVERSE FOR SKETCH

Comments ABANDON OR REROUTE PATIO DRAIN TO REMOVE INFLOW FROM SANITARY SERVICE LEAD

Flexibility on Removal Method/Schedule

- Listen to Owner's Concerns/Objectives
- Work with Owner's Schedule
- Provide Advice/Concepts - Not Design, Labor, or \$\$
- Provide Service Lead to Property Line

Lansing's Ordinance 1040.10

- **Prohibited discharges to sanitary sewers:** No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any storm water, surface water, ground water, roof run-off, cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters into any sanitary sewer

Simplified Inflow Removal Steps

Mail Ltrs A, B, & C 21,
9 & 2 mos. Before Construction



1st Inspection 2 Weeks Before
Sewer Separation



Pass
Inspection?

YES



Leave "ok" form &
record in database

NO



Leave Form with
Findings & Required Action



2nd Inspection - After
Sewer Separation



Pass
Inspection?

YES



NO



Simplified Inflow Removal Steps



Port Huron's Program

- Letter/Information to Property Owners/Residents
- Telephone Line
- Quarterly Newsletter
- Inspections
- Dye Testing
- Database Tracking
- Inform Property Owners of Action Required

Summary of Lansing and Port Huron CSO Sewer Separation / Private Inflow Removal

Description	Lansing	Port Huron
Program construction start	Spring 1992	Spring 1997
Total combined sewer area, acres	7,167	2,358
Combined sewer area separated to date, acres	3,558	1,987
# of properties inspected	9,485	8,805
# of properties with inflow at first inspection	1,892 (20% of 9,485)	763 (9% of 8,805)
# of properties where inflow was removed	1,531 (81% of 1,892)	648 (85% of 763)
# of properties free of inflow	9,124 (96% of 9,485)	8,690 (99% of 8,805)

Other Conclusions ...

- Private property owners will get the job done if provided time to plan and the political will of the community to enforce plumbing codes
- Private inflow removal efforts may need to be repeated periodically